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Atty Docket No.: 200208214-1

App. Ser. No.: 10/608,206

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please find a listing of the claims below, with the statuses of the claims shown in parentheses. This listing will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application.

1. (Currently amended) A method of controlling power consumption for at least one computer system, the method comprising:
 - detecting an amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system;
 - comparing the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system to a threshold, wherein the threshold is based on ~~[[the]]~~a maximum power output of the power supply, ~~wherein the power supply for the at least one computer system has a maximum power output~~ of the power supply is based on an average power consumption of the at least one computer system; and
 - placing one or more components of the at least one computer system in a lower-power state to reduce power consumption in response to the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system exceeding the threshold.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein a cooling system is operable to cool the at least one computer system, the method further comprising:
 - determining whether insufficient cooling resources are available for cooling the at least one computer system; and

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placing at least one component of the at least one computer system in a lower-power state in response to insufficient cooling resources being available to cool the at least one computer system.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising:

determining whether excess cooling resources are available for cooling the at least one computer system; and

placing the at least one component of the computer system currently in a lower-power state in a higher-power state, such that the at least one component consumes more power, in response to excess cooling resources being available.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein determining whether excess cooling resources are available for cooling the at least one computer system comprises determining whether an amount of cooling fluid distributed to the at least one computer system is less than an excess cooling fluid threshold.

5. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein determining whether insufficient cooling resources are available for cooling the at least one computer system comprises determining whether an amount of cooling fluid distributed to the at least one computer system exceeds a threshold associated with the maximum capacity of the cooling system.

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6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

comparing the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system to a second threshold;

placing the at least one component of the computer system, currently in a lower-power state, in a higher-power state, such that the at least one component consumes more power, in response to the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system being less than the second threshold.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein placing the at least one component of the computer system in a higher-power state comprises:

determining whether placing the at least one component in a higher-power state will cause the power consumption of the at least one computer system to exceed the threshold based on the maximum power consumption of the at least one computer system; and

placing the at least component in a higher-power state in response to determining the power consumption will not exceed the threshold.

8. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein one or more of the threshold based on the maximum power output of the power supply and the second threshold is determined such that a minimal change in power consumption does not result in changing a power state of the at least one component.

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9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein placing the at least one component in a lower-power state comprises:
- determining a cooling efficiency of components in the at least one computer system; and
 - selecting one or more of the components to be placed in a lower-power state based on an amount of energy needed to cool the one or more components; wherein a component requiring more energy to be cooled is selected before a component requiring less energy to be cooled.
10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one computer system comprises multiple computer systems running applications, the method further comprising:
- prioritizing applications running on the multiple computer systems; wherein
 - the step of placing one or more components in a lower-power state further comprises identifying one of the multiple computer systems running one or more low priority applications, and placing at least one component in the identified computer system in a lower-power state.
11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein a processor for the at least one computer system is operable to be placed in multiple lower-power states, each being associated with a lower clock speed, and placing one or more components of the at least one computer system in a lower-power state comprises placing the processor in one of the multiple lower-power states.

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12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein placing the processor in one of the multiple lower-power states comprises instructing the processor not to consume more than a predetermined amount of power.

13. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

storing information including components in the at least one computer system, power state of the components, power consumption of the components, and priority information associated with prioritizing components placed in a lower-power state; and placing one or more components of the at least one computer system in a lower-power state comprises determining the one or more components to be placed in a lower-power state based on the stored information.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising:

placing the at least one component of the computer system currently in a lower-power state in a higher-power state based on the stored information.

15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein placing one or more components in a low-power state comprises reducing power consumption of one or more of a processor, a floating point unit, one or more storage devices, main memory, and a cache or a portion of a cache.

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16. (Previously presented) A power system generating power for at least one computer system, the power system comprising:
- at least one power supply operable to provide power for the at least one computer system;
 - a power monitor operable to determine the power consumption of the at least one computer system; and
 - a power provisioning system operable to compare the power consumption of the at least one computer system to a threshold associated with a maximum capacity of the power supply, and further operable to place one or more components of the at least one computer system in a lower-power state in response to the measured power output exceeding the threshold;
- wherein the maximum capacity of the power supply is based on an average power consumption of the at least one computer system.
17. (Canceled).
18. (Previously presented) The power system of claim 16, wherein the maximum capacity of the at least one power supply is approximately equal to the average power consumption of the at least one computer system.
19. (Previously presented) The power system of claim 16, wherein the power provisioning system is connected to a cooling system and is operable to receive messages from the cooling system associated with the availability of cooling resources for cooling the at

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least one computer system, the power provisioning system being operable to control the power consumption of the at least one computer system based on a message received from the cooling system.

20. (Original) The power system of claim 19, wherein the power provisioning system is operable to place at least one component of the at least one computer system in a lower-power state in response to receiving a message from the cooling system indicating that insufficient cooling resources are available for cooling the at least one computer system.
21. (Original) The power system of claim 20, wherein the power provisioning system is operable to place at least one of the at least one component currently in a lower-power state in a higher-power state in response to receiving a message from the cooling system indicating that excess cooling resources are available.
22. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the one or more components comprise a processor, and the power provisioning system is operable to instruct the processor to reduce clock speed for reducing power consumption.
23. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the one or more components comprises a processor, and the power provisioning system is operable to instruct the processor to reduce power consumption of the processor to a calculated value or range of values.

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24. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the one or more components comprises a processor operable to be placed in one of multiple lower-power states.
25. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the at least one computer system comprises multiple computer systems, and the power provisioning system is operable to prioritize the multiple computer systems for placement in a lower-power state based on an importance of applications executing on the multiple computer systems.
26. (Original) The power system of claim 16, further comprising a repository storing power state information for the one or more of components in the at least one computer system, wherein the power provisioning system is operable to utilize the power state information to identify a component of the one or more components to be placed in a lower-power state or a higher-power state.
27. (Original) The power system of claim 26, wherein the power state information comprises one or more of power consumption of the one or more components and priority information associated with prioritizing the one or more components for placing changing the power state of the one or more components.
28. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the power provisioning system is operable to determine whether the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system falls below a second threshold, and further operable to place at least one of the one or more components in a higher-power state in response to the amount

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of power consumed by the at least one computer system falling below the second threshold.

29. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the at least one computer system comprises multiple computer systems receiving power via a power bus, and the power provisioning system is operable to disconnect a portion of a power bus to place one of the multiple computer systems in a lower-power state.
30. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the power monitor is connected to the at least one power supply to measure the output power of the at least one power supply for determining the power consumption of the at least one computer system.
31. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the at least one computer system comprises multiple computer systems connected to the at least one power supply via a power bus, and the power monitor is connected to the power bus to measure the power consumption of the multiple computer systems.
32. (Original) The power system of claim 16, wherein the one or more components comprise one or more of a processor, a floating point unit, one or more storage devices, one or more memory ICs, and a cache or a portion of a cache.

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33. (Currently amended) A system comprising:

multiple computer systems housed in an enclosure;

a cooling system operable to distribute cooling fluid to the multiple computer systems in the enclosure based on one or more of the power consumption and heat dissipation of the multiple computer systems; and

a power system connected to the cooling system and including a power supply operable to generate power for the multiple computer systems and a power provisioning system, wherein the power provisioning system is operable to control power consumption of at least one of the multiple computer systems based on the availability of cooling resources for cooling the multiple computer systems, to compare the power consumption of the multiple computer systems to a threshold, wherein the threshold is based on a maximum power output of the power supply, wherein the maximum power output of the power supply is based on an average power consumption of the multiple computer systems, and wherein the power provisioning system is further operable to reduce the power consumption of at least one of the multiple computer systems in response to the power consumption exceeding the threshold;

wherein the cooling system is operable to transmit a message to the power provisioning system indicating insufficient cooling resources are available for cooling the multiple computer systems or excess cooling resources are available for cooling the multiple computer systems;

the power provisioning system is operable to reduce power consumption of at least one of the multiple computer systems in response to receiving a message

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indicating insufficient cooling resources are available for cooling the multiple computer systems; and

the power provisioning system is operable to increase power consumption of at least one of the multiple computer systems in response to receiving a message indicating excess cooling resources are available for cooling the multiple computer systems.

34. (Currently amended) The system of claim 33, wherein ~~one or more of (1)~~ the cooling system is designed based on a nominal heat dissipation of the multiple computer systems ~~and (2) the power supply is designed based on the nominal power consumption of the multiple computer systems.~~
35. (Canceled).
36. (Canceled).
37. (Original) The system of claim 33, wherein the enclosure is a rack.
38. (Original) The system of claim 33, wherein the enclosure is a data center.

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39. (Currently amended) An apparatus controlling power consumption of at least one computer system using a power supply means, the apparatus comprising:
- means for determining an amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system;
 - means for comparing the amount of power to a threshold, wherein the threshold is based on the maximum power output of the power supply means, wherein the power supply means has a maximum power output based on an average power consumption of the at least one computer system; [[and]]
 - means for placing one or more components of the at least one computer system in a lower-power state to reduce power consumption in response to the power consumption of the at least one computer system exceeding the threshold;
 - means for cooling the at least one computer system, wherein the means for cooling is further operable to determine whether excess cooling resources are available for cooling the at least one computer system; and
 - the means for placing the at least one component of the computer system currently in a lower-power state is further operable to place the at least one component in a higher-power state, such that the at least one component consumes more power, in response to excess cooling resources being available.

40. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 39, ~~further comprising a means for cooling the at least one computer system~~, wherein the means for cooling is further operable to determine whether insufficient cooling resources are available for cooling the at least one computer system and the means for placing at least one component of the at least

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one computer system in a lower-power state is further operable to place the at least one component in a lower-power state in response to insufficient cooling resources being available to cool the at least one computer system.

41. (Canceled).

42. (Original) The apparatus of claim 39, wherein the means for comparing the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system to a threshold is further operable to compare the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system to a second threshold;

and the means for placing the at least one component of the computer system in a lower-power state is further operable to place the at least one component in a higher-power state, such that the at least one component consumes more power, in response to the amount of power consumed by the at least one computer system being less than the second threshold.

43-46. (Canceled).

47. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the maximum power output of the power supply is approximately equal to or within a predetermined tolerance of the average power consumption of the at least one computer.

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48. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the maximum power output of the power supply is within a predetermined tolerance of the average power consumption of the at least one computer.